# Package: perccalc (via r-universe)

September 11, 2024

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Title Estimate Percentiles from an Ordered Categorical Variable			
Version 1.0.5			
<b>Description</b> An implementation of two functions that estimate values for percentiles from an ordered categorical variable as described by Reardon (2011, isbn:978-0-87154-372-1). One function estimates percentile differences from two percentiles while the other returns the values for every percentile from 1 to 100.			
<b>Depends</b> R (>= $3.4.0$ )			
License MIT + file LICENSE			
<pre>URL https://cimentadaj.github.io/perccalc/,</pre>			
https://github.com/cimentadaj/perccalc			
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perc_diff	Calculate percentile differences from an ordered categorical variable and a continuous variable.
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# Description

Calculate percentile differences from an ordered categorical variable and a continuous variable.

## Usage

```
perc_diff(
  data_model,
  categorical_var,
  continuous_var,
  weights = NULL,
  percentiles = c(90, 10)
)

perc_diff_df(
  data_model,
  categorical_var,
  continuous_var,
  weights = NULL,
  percentiles = c(90, 10)
)
```

## **Arguments**

	data_model	A data frame with at least the categorical and continuous variables from which to estimate the percentile differences
categorical_var		
		The bare unquoted name of the categorical variable. This variable SHOULD be an ordered factor. If not, will raise an error.
	continuous_var	The bare unquoted name of the continuous variable from which to estimate the percentiles
	weights	The bare unquoted name of the optional weight variable. If not specified, then estimation is done without weights
	percentiles	A numeric vector of two numbers specifying which percentiles to subtract

#### **Details**

perc\_diff drops missing observations silently for calculating the linear combination of coefficients.

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#### Value

perc\_diff returns a vector with the percentile difference and its associated standard error. perc\_diff\_df returns the same but as a data frame.

#### **Examples**

perc\_dist

Calculate a distribution of percentiles from an ordered categorical variable and a continuous variable.

#### Description

Calculate a distribution of percentiles from an ordered categorical variable and a continuous variable.

#### Usage

```
perc_dist(data_model, categorical_var, continuous_var, weights = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

data\_model

A data frame with at least the categorical and continuous variables from which to estimate the percentiles

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categorical\_var

The bare unquoted name of the categorical variable. This variable should be an ordered factor. If not, will raise an error.

continuous\_var The bare unquoted name of the continuous variable from which to estimate the percentiles

weights

The bare unquoted name of the optional weight variable. If not specified, then equal weights are assumed.

## **Details**

perc\_dist drops missing observations silently for calculating the linear combination of coeffi-

#### Value

A data frame with the scores and standard errors for each percentile

## **Examples**

```
set.seed(23131)
N <- 1000
K <- 20
toy_data <- data.frame(id = 1:N,
                        score = rnorm(N, sd = 2),
                        type = rep(paste0("inc", 1:20), each = N/K),
# perc_diff(toy_data, type, score)
# type is not an ordered factor!
toy_data$type <- factor(toy_data$type, levels = unique(toy_data$type), ordered = TRUE)</pre>
perc_dist(toy_data, type, score)
```

pisa\_2006

Mathematics test scores of Spain, Germany and Estonia in the PISA 2006 test

## **Description**

A dataset containing the test scores and other household information of students from Spain, Germany and Estonia from the PISA 2006 test.

#### Usage

```
pisa_2006
```

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#### **Format**

A data frame with 25884 rows and 10 variables:

**year** Year of the survey

CNT Long country names

STIDSTD Unique student id

father\_edu The father's highest achieved degree in the ISCED scale

**household\_income** The household's total income in categories

avg\_math The average math test score out of the 5 plausible values in Mathematics

#### Source

A subset extracted from the PISA2006lite R package, https://github.com/pbiecek/PISA2012lite

pisa\_2012 Mathematics test scores of Spain, Germany and Estonia in the PISA 2012 test

## **Description**

A dataset containing the test scores and other household information of students from Spain, Germany and Estonia from the PISA 2012 test.

#### Usage

pisa\_2012

#### Format

A data frame with 35093 rows and 10 variables:

year Year of the survey

CNT Long country names

STIDSTD Unique student id

father\_edu The father's highest achieved degree in the ISCED scale

household\_income The household's total income in categories

avg\_math The average math test score out of the 5 plausible values in Mathematics

#### Source

A subset extracted from the PISA2012lite R package, https://github.com/pbiecek/PISA2012lite

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